Docket No. 740756-2686

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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1-18. (Canceled)

19. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an electroluminescent device

comprising at least an anode, a cathode and an electroluminescent layer between the anode

and the cathode and including at least one organic compound layer, comprising the step of:

forming at least one of the organic compound layers comprising a step of co-

depositing an organic compound including a proton-donating functional group showing

Bronsted acid, a functional group having a non-covalent electron pair, and a metal salt.

20. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the electroluminescent

device according to claim 19, wherein the proton-donating functional group is of a hydroxyl

group, a carboxyl group and a mercapto group.

21. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the electroluminescent

device according to claim 19, wherein the functional group having the non-covalent electron

pair is one of a heterocyclic residue group, an azomethine group and a carbonyl group.

22. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the electroluminescent

device according to claim 19, wherein the proton-donating functional group is one of a

hydroxyl group, a carboxyl group and a mercapto group, and the functional group having the

non-covalent electron pair is one of a heterocyclic residue group, an azomethine group and a

carbonyl group.

23. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the electroluminescent

device according to claim 19, wherein the metal salt is one of a metal acetate salt, a metal

halide and a metal alkoxide.

24. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an electroluminescent device

comprising at least an anode, a cathode and an electroluminescent layer between the anode

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and the cathode including at least one organic compound layer, comprising the step of:

forming at least one of the organic compound layers comprising a step of codepositing an organic compound represented by a following general formula (1) and a metal salt:

$$R_{5}$$
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{1}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{1}
 R_{1}

wherein R_1 - R_6 each represents one of a hydrogen element, a halogen element, a cyano group, an alkyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), an alkoxyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), a substituted or non-substituted aryl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), and a substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic residue group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), including the cases of R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 or R_5 and R_6 being mutually bonded to form a benzene ring or poly-condensed rings (1 - 20 carbon atoms) and R_1 and R_2 being mutually bonded to form a pyridine ring.

25. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an electroluminescent device comprising at least an anode, a cathode and an electroluminescent layer between the anode and the cathode including at least one organic compound layer, comprising the step of:

forming at least one of the organic compound layers comprising a step of codepositing an organic compound represented by a following general formula (2) and a metal salt:

$$R_{11}$$
 R_{12}
 R_{13}
 R_{14}
 R_{15}
 R

wherein R_1 - R_{15} each represents one of a hydrogen element, a halogen element, a cyano group, an alkyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), an alkoxyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), a substituted or non-substituted aryl group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), and a substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic residue group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), including a case of R_1 and R_2 being mutually bonded to form a pyridine ring.

26. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an electroluminescent device comprising at least an anode, a cathode and an electroluminescent layer between the anode and the cathode including at least one organic compound layer, comprising the step of:

forming at least one of the organic compound layers comprising a step of codepositing an organic compound represented by a following general formula (3) and a metal salt:

$$R_{10}$$
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{11}
 R_{12}
 R_{12}
 R_{13}
 R_{14}
 R_{15}
 R_{15}
 R_{15}
 R_{16}
 R_{17}
 R_{18}
 R_{19}
 R

wherein R_1 - R_{12} each represents one of a hydrogen element, a halogen element, a cyano group, an alkyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), an alkoxyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), a substituted or non-substituted aryl group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), and a substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic residue group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), including cases of R_1 and R_2 being mutually bonded to form a cycloalkane structure, a benzene ring or poly-condensed

rings (1 to 20 carbon atoms), R_4 and R_5 , R_5 and R_6 , R_6 and R_7 , R_8 and R_9 , R_9 and R_{10} or R_{10} and R_{11} being mutually bonded to form a benzene ring or poly-condensed rings (1 - 20 carbon atoms), and R_2 and R_3 or R_1 and R_{12} being mutually bonded to form a pyridine ring.

27. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an electroluminescent device comprising at least an anode, a cathode and an electroluminescent layer between the anode and the cathode including at least one organic compound layer, comprising the step of:

forming at least one of the organic compound layers comprising a step of codepositing an organic compound represented by a following general formula (4) and a metal salt:

wherein R_1 - R_{30} each represents one of a hydrogen element, a halogen element, a cyano group, an alkyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), an alkoxyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), a substituted or non-substituted aryl group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), and a substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic residue group (1 - 20 carbon atoms) R_1 and R_2 being mutually bonded to form a cycloalkane structure, a benzene ring or poly-condensed rings (1 to 20 carbon atoms) and R_2 and R_3 or R_1 and R_{30} being mutually bonded to form a pyridine ring.

28. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an electroluminescent device comprising at least an anode, a cathode and an electroluminescent layer between the anode and the cathode including at least one organic compound layer, comprising the step of:

forming at least one of the organic compound layers comprising a step of co-

evaporating an organic compound represented by a following general formula (5) and a metal salt:

$$R_3$$
 R_4
 R_5
 R_1
 O
 OH
 OH
 OH

wherein R₁ - R₅ each represents one of a hydrogen element, a halogen element, a cyano group, an alkyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), an alkoxyl group (1 - 10 carbon atoms), a substituted or non-substituted aryl group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), or and a substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic residue group (1 - 20 carbon atoms), including cases of R₄ representing one of an amino group, a dialkylamino group, and an arylamino group, R₂ and R₃, R₃ and R₄ or R₄ and R₅ being mutually bonded to form a benzene ring or poly-condensed rings (1 to 20 carbon atoms), and R₃ and R₄, or R₄ and R₅ being mutually bonded to form a julolidine skeleton.

- 29. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the electroluminescent device according to any one of claims 24 to 28, wherein the metal salt is one of a metal acetate salt, a metal halide and a metal alkoxide.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The method for manufacturing the electroluminescent device according to any one of claims 24 to 28, wherein the metal salt includes one of zinc, aluminum, silicon, gallium and zirconium.